

WS159 Water Soluble Sn-Pb Solder Paste

Introduction

WS159 solder paste is a high activity water soluble Sn-Pb solder paste. WS159 shows consistent and repeatable printing, excellent wetting, very low solder balling and graping, and has very low voiding potential. WS159 flux residues are easy to clean using D.I. water. WS159 is also halide free.

Attributes

- Consistent and repeatable printing.
- Ideal reflow performance with excellent wetting, very low solder balling and graping.
- Very low potential for voiding.
- Flux residues are easy to clean using D.I. water.
- Halide free.

Solder Alloy	Solder Powder Size Availability (IPC J-STD-005B)	Melting Range (°C)
Sn63/Pb37	Type 3 or 4	183
Sn62/Pb36/Ag2	Type 3	179
Anti-tombstoning mixtures	Type 3 or 4	Range depends on the mixture

Other sizes of solder powder are available upon request.

Solder Paste Packaging	Net Weight (grams)
Jars	500
Cartridges	500-600 (6 oz), 700 (8 oz), 1200-1300 (12 oz)
Syringes	30 (10 cc), 100 (30 cc)

Other packaging may be available upon request.

Compatible Products

150N, 152N, 159HF liquid fluxes. WS159 gel flux.

Storage and Handling

Best practices for storage and handling of solder paste are listed below. Additional details can be found in the Solder paste storage and handling guide.

- Shelf life is 9 months when stored at 0 to 10 °C (32 to 50 °F).
- Warm the solder paste to room temperature (18 to 29 °C / 65 to 85 °F) before use. Do not force warming by heating the solder paste. Keep the solder paste sealed while warming, which typically takes 3 to 4 hours at room temperature. Warming overnight is acceptable.
- o Ideally solder paste should be mixed before use to bring it to a normal working consistency. This can be done by hand-stirring in a jar or using a knead cycle on the printer.





- o Best practice is to keep the solder paste at room temperature until completely used. Remaining fresh solder paste should be sealed in the original container along with all inserts, lids, etc.
- If solder paste is removed from the printer and stored, it is recommended to store it in a separate container from the fresh solder paste. The container should be sealed with all inserts, lids, etc.
- Once solder paste is applied to the circuit board, the best practice is to reflow the solder paste as soon as possible. It is acceptable to reflow within approximately 8 hours.

Process Parameters

The print and reflow process parameters shown below are simply guidelines. The optimal parameters may be different based upon your equipment, circuit boards, components, and process.

Print Parameter	Guideline	Notes
Solder paste bead size	1.0 to 2.5 cm (0.40 to 1.0 in)	Add solder paste regularly to
		maintain the bead size.
Squeegee blade	Stainless steel. 60° from	Other blade angles and
	horizontal. 45° for pin in paste.	materials are usable.
Stencils	Fine grain laser cut stainless	All types of commercially
	steel	available stencils are usable.
Print speed	20 to 200 mm/sec (0.8 to 8.0	Increased speeds may require
	in/sec)	higher blade pressures.
Pressure / blade length	0.18 to 0.54 kg/cm (1.0 to 3.0	Set to the minimum required to
(increase with increasing speed)	lbs/in)	scrape the stencil clean.
Separation speed	0.5 to 10.0 mm/sec	Higher separation speeds may
		improve solder paste release.
Underside stencil cleaning	Wet / vacuum / vacuum cycle	Clean more frequently to
	every 1-20 prints	reduce the risk of bridging.
Stencil life	4 hours at 18-29 °C (65-85 °F)	Stencil life may be shorter
	and 30-70% RH.	outside of these conditions.

- Higher blade pressures will increase stencil and blade wear and can lead to "scooping" and other print defects.
- Underside stencil cleaning is best accomplished with commercial cleaners and high-quality wipe materials. Nano-coated stencils can be used to reduce the frequency of underside cleaning.

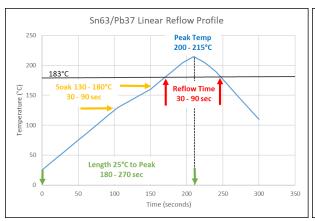
Reflow Parameter	Guideline	Notes
Profile length	3.0 to 4.5 min (180 to 270 sec)	Profile length is dependent
(25 °C to peak)		upon the PCBA and process.
Heating ramp rate	1.0 to 3.0 °C/sec	Lower ramp rates tend to
		equalize reflow temperatures.
Preheat / soak time	30 to 120 sec	Linear profiles are a good
(130 - 180 °C)		starting place but may not work
		for all PCBAs.
Peak temperature	200 to 215 °C for Sn63/Pb37	15 to 30 °C above liquidus for
	alloys	other solder alloys.

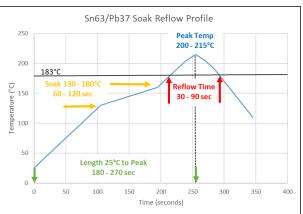




Reflow time	30 to 90 sec	Time above the liquidus point of
(time above liquidus)		the solder alloy used.
Cooling ramp rate	1.0 to 6.0 °C/sec	Higher cooling rates may refine
		the grain structure.

Examples of reflow profile graphs are shown below.





Cleaning

Raw solder paste can be removed from the stencil, squeegee blades, and circuit boards using a variety of commercial cleaners. Isopropyl alcohol (IPA) can also be used.

WS159 flux residues are corrosive and must be removed using a suitable wash process. It is recommended to remove WS159 flux residues within 4 hours after soldering using D.I. water heated to 100 - 180 °F in standard washing equipment. It is possible to wash away WS159 flux residues after multiple heat cycles followed by a 24 hour hold time, although this is not recommended.

Safety

Wear chemically resistant gloves when handling solder paste. Avoid breathing fumes, especially during reflow of the solder paste. Follow the guidelines detailed in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

J-STD-004C Flux Standard	Test Method	Result
J-STD-004C classification	J-STD-004C methods	ORH0
Halide ion content (Br ⁻ , Cl ⁻ , F ⁻ , I ⁻)	IPC 2.3.28.1	0% wt
Halogen content (Br and Cl)	EN 14582, IPC 2.3.28.1	3.2 to 3.5% wt of solids
Halide by silver chromate	IPC 2.3.33	No halides detected
Fluoride by spot test	IPC 2.3.35.1	None detected
Copper mirror	IPC 2.3.32	High activity
Copper corrosion	IPC 2.6.15	Corrosion present
Surface Insulation Resistance (SIR)	IPC 2.6.3.7	Pass > 1.00E+8 ohms
Electro Chemical Migration (ECM)	IPC 2.6.14.1	Pass, increase of 2.0 Log ₁₀ ohms
J-STD-005A Solder Paste Standard	Test Method	Result







Viscosity - Brookfield	IPC 2.4.34	Refer to the C of A
Slump - frosted glass	IPC 2.4.35	Pass
Solder balling - frosted glass	IPC 2.4.43	Preferred
Wetting - copper	IPC 2.4.45	Pass

Limited Liability and Warranty Disclaimer

All information, statements, technical data, and recommendations contained in this Technical Data Sheet are based on testing we believe to be reliable. However, the accuracy or completeness thereof is not guaranteed. It is impossible for our lab to account for all manufacturing conditions and variables. Products are warranted to be free from defects at the time sold. To the full extent consistent with applicable law, the exclusive remedy of the user or buyer is to receive replacement product for any product defective at the time sold. FCT Assembly, Inc. makes NO WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Further, FCT Assembly, Inc. makes no other express, implied, or statutory warranties unless otherwise specified in writing and signed by officers of the corporation.

